is consistent with statutory requirements. Section 203 requires EPA to establish a plan for informing and advising any small governments that may be significantly or uniquely impacted by the rule.

EPA has determined that the approval action promulgated does not include a Federal mandate that may result in estimated annual costs of \$100 million or more to either State, local, or tribal governments in the aggregate, or to the private sector. This Federal action approves pre-existing requirements under State or local law, and imposes no new requirements. Accordingly, no additional costs to State, local, or tribal governments, or to the private sector, result from this action.

G. Submission to Congress and the Comptroller General

The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. 801 et seq., as added by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. EPA will submit a report containing this rule and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the Federal Register. This rule is not a "major" rule as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

H. Petitions for Judicial Review

Under section 307(b)(1) of the Clean Air Act, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by November 2, 1999. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this rule for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. (See section 307(b)(2).)

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Oxides of nitrogen, Ozone, Particulate matter, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Volatile organic compounds.

Dated: August 18, 1999.

Felicia Marcus,

Regional Administrator, Region IX.

Part 52, chapter I, title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

PART 52—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.

2. Section 52.220 is amended by adding paragraph (c)(247) to read as follows:

§52.220 Identification of plan.

(c) * * *

(267) New plan for Owens Valley PM–10 Planning Area for the following agency was submitted on December 10, 1998 by the Governor's designee.

- (i) Incorporation by reference.
- (A) Great Basin Unified APCD.
- (1) Owens Valley PM–10 Planning Area Demonstration of Attainment State Implementation Plan, Section 7–4, Commitment to adopt 2003 SIP Revision and Section 8–2, the Board Order adopted on November 16, 1998 with Exhibit 1.

[FR Doc. 99–22930 Filed 9–2–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Part 73

[FCC 99–147; MM Docket No. 91–259; RM–7309, RM–7942, RM–7943, RM–7944, RM–7948]

Radio Broadcasting Services; Canovanas, Culebra, Las Piedras, Mayaguez Quebradillas San Juan and Vieques, PR, and Christiansted and Frederiksted, VI

ACTION: Final rule; Application for review.

SUMMARY: This document denies an Application for Review filed by WKJB AM–FM, Inc. directed to the *Memorandum Opinion and Order* in this proceeding. Based upon preferential FM allotment priorities, the Commission finds a proposed channel substitution, its reallotment, and the modification of a station's license to be within the public's interest. With this action, the proceeding published September 16, 1996 (61 FR 48638) is terminated.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Robert Hayne, Mass Media Bureau (202)

418-2177. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a synopsis of the Memorandum Opinion and Order in MM Docket No. 91-259, adopted June 17, 1999, and released June 21, 1999. The full text of this decision is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the FCC's Reference Information Center at Portals II, CY-A257, 445 12th Street, SW, Washington, D.C. The complete text of this decision may also be purchased from the Commission's copy contractor, International Transcription Service, (202) 857-3800, 1231 20th Street, NW, Washington, D.C.

 $Federal\ Communications\ Commission.$

Magalie Roman Salas,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99–23071 Filed 9–2–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

50 CFR Part 17

RIN 1018-AE22

Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Final Endangered Status for 10 Plant Taxa From Maui Nui, HA

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service,

Interior.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: Under the authority of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (Act), as amended, we (the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service)) determine endangered status for 10 plant taxa-Clermontia samuelii (óha wai), Cyanea copelandii ssp. haleakalaensis (haha), Cyanea glabra (haha), Cyanea hamatiflora ssp. hamatiflora (haha), Dubautia plantaginea ssp. humilis (na'ena'e), Hedyotis schlechtendahliana var. remyi (kopa), Kanaloa kahoolawensis (kohe malama malama o Kanaloa), Labordia tinifolia var. lanaiensis (kamakahala), Labordia triflora (kamakahala), and Melicope munroi (alani). All 10 taxa are endemic to the Maui Nui group of islands in the Hawaiian Islands. This group includes Maui, Molokai, Lanai, and Kahoolawe. Clermontia samuelii, Cyanea copelandii ssp. haleakalaensis, Cyanea glabra, Cyanea hamatiflora ssp. hamatiflora, and Dubautia plantaginea ssp. humilis are endemic to the island of Maui. Hedyotis schlechtendahliana var. remyi and Labordia tinifolia var. lanaiensis are